## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

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#### **HOUSE BILL 370**

### Second Edition Engrossed 4/3/19

# PROPOSED SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H370-CSBQ-27 [v.18]

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(D. 1: a)

Short Tille:	Require Cooperation with ICE Detainers.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

March 18, 2019

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO REQUIRE COMPLIANCE WITH IMMIGRATION DETAINERS AND ADMINISTRATIVE WARRANTS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**SECTION 1.** G.S. 162-62 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 162-62. Legal status of prisoners.

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- (a) When any person charged with a felony or an impaired drivingcriminal offense is confined for any period in a county jail, local confinement facility, district confinement facility, or satellite jail/work release unit, satellite jail, or work release unit, the administrator or other person in charge of the facility shall attempt to determine if the prisoner is a legal resident of the United States by an inquiry of the prisoner, or by examination of any relevant documents, or both.
- (b) If the administrator or other person in charge of the facility is unable to determine if that prisoner is a legal resident or citizen of the United States or its territories, the administrator or other person in charge of the facility holding the prisoner, where possible, prisoner shall make a query of Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the United States Department of Homeland Security. If the prisoner has not been lawfully admitted to the United States, the United States Department of Homeland Security will have been notified of the prisoner's status and confinement at the facility by its receipt of the query from the facility.
- (c) Nothing in this section subsections (a), (b), or (e) shall be construed to deny bond to a prisoner or to prevent a prisoner from being released from confinement when that prisoner is otherwise eligible for release.
  - (d) Repealed by Session Laws 2010-97, s. 12, effective July 20, 2010.
- (e) Upon request, the administrator or other person in charge of the facility shall allow an official of Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the United States Department of Homeland Security to interview any person in custody of a county jail, local confinement facility, district confinement facility, satellite jail, or work release unit in person, via telephone, or via other electronic means within 24 hours of receiving the request.
- (f) When any person charged with a criminal offense is confined for any period in a county jail, local confinement facility, district confinement facility, satellite jail, or work release unit, and the administrator or other person in charge of the facility has been notified that Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the United States Department of Homeland Security has issued a detainer and administrative warrant that reasonably appears to be for the person in custody, the following shall apply:



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- determining if the prisoner was subject to a detainer request.
- The number of times a prisoner was found by a magistrate to be subject to a (5) detainer request.
- (6) The number of times a prisoner was held for the full 96 hours.
- The number of times a prisoner was held then released following the (7) satisfaction of proof of legal residence or citizenship required by that subsection.
- The number of times a prisoner was held who would have otherwise been (8) eligible for release from custody.
- (9) The number of times Immigration and Customs Enforcement took custody of a prisoner after notification from the administrator or other person in charge of the facility holding the prisoner.

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**SECTION 4.** If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is declared unconstitutional or invalid by the courts, it does not affect the validity of this act as a whole or any part other than the part declared to be unconstitutional or invalid. **SECTION 5.** This act becomes effective 30 days after the bill becomes law.